July 16, 2010

Maine Bureau of Transportation Systems Planning 16 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333-0016

Attention: Mr. Darryl Belz, P.E.

Dear Darryl:

Re: Roundabout Operational Analysis and Design Services

Proposed Roundabout at Civic Center Drive/Old Belgrade Rd/Bog Rd

Augusta, Maine

Ourston Project Number: 09909

We have completed an operational analysis and conceptual design for a proposed roundabout to be located at the intersection of Civic Center Drive, Old Belgrade Road, and Bog Road in Augusta, Maine. The projected peak hour traffic volumes for the build year 2028 Midday and PM peak hours, developed by Gorrill-Palmer Consulting Engineers, were used in the traffic analysis. The volumes were taken from pages 19 and 20 of the traffic report, shown in Figures A1 and A2.

At this stage of the investigation into alternative intersection control, there is sufficient evidence to recommend consideration of a roundabout in this location to accommodate traffic increase and associated roadway network improvements. We have provided an initial screening of the intersection quantifying the performance characteristics of a roundabout based on operations and property impacts.

Roundabout Capacity Analysis

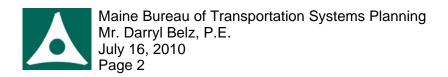
The traffic operations for the intersection were analyzed using RODEL 1.9.7 roundabout design and capacity analysis software. The 50th percentile confidence level (CL) was used in the RODEL capacity analysis to represent the most probable capacity of the roundabout, and to be consistent with confidence level inherent in typical signalized and unsignalized capacity analysis methodologies. Similarly, average delay, as opposed to maximum delay, was used to be consistent with signalized and unsignalized methodologies. We have also performed capacity analysis at an 85 percent confidence level to determine if the forecasted level of service and average delay is predicted to be in the sensitive area of the delay curve.

A single lane roundabout configuration was considered with single lane entries on all legs. The capacity analysis indicates that the single lane roundabout would perform acceptably up to 122% of the Midday peak volume and up to 80% of the PM peak volume.

To provide acceptable operations for the build year 2028 volumes, a multi-lane roundabout will be required. The layout of the intersection would be a multi-lane roundabout with two lane entries on Northbound Civic Center Drive and Northwestbound Old Belgrade Road and single lane entries on Southbound Civic Center Drive and Bog Road. Although the capacity prediction does not require it, a partial right-turn bypass lane could be constructed on Southbound Civic Center Drive to

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accommodate the high volume of traffic making this movement. A sketch of the required roundabout lane configuration requirements is shown in Figure 1.

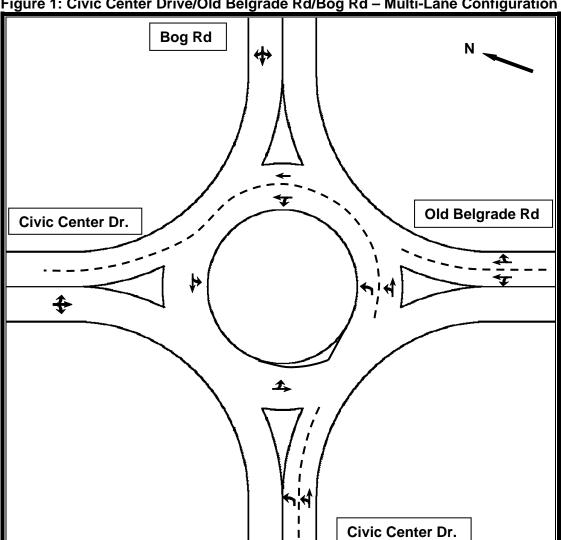


Figure 1: Civic Center Drive/Old Belgrade Rd/Bog Rd – Multi-Lane Configuration

The RODEL capacity analysis data is documented in Figures A3 through A6 for the 2028 Midday and PM volumes.

The lane configuration's levels of service and delay for the overall intersection and each approach are listed in Table 1.

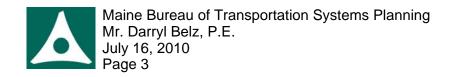


Table 1: Civic Center Drive/Old Belgrade Rd/Bog Rd – 2028 Volumes

Civic Center Drive / Old Belgrade Road / Bog Road - 2028 Volumes - Capacity Analysis Summary												
				Average Delay By Approach								
Intersection			Civic Center SB Civic Center NE		enter NB	NWB Old	Belgrade	SWB Bog Rd				
Level of Average			Level of	Average	Level of	Average	Level of	Average	Level of	Average		
Service Delay			Service	Delay	Service	Delay	Service	Delay	Service	Delay		
Midday	50%	Α	6.2	В	11.4	Α	3.3	Α	2.9	Α	6.2	
iviluuay	85%	В	14.1	D	33.4	Α	4.0	Α	3.5	Α	9.6	
PM	50%	Α	6.0	Α	5.6	Α	6.3	Α	5.1	Α	8.8	
L IAI	85%	Α	9.3	Α	8.1	Α	9.9	Α	7.2	С	18.1	
LOS Source: 2000 Highway Capacity Manual - Unsignalized Intersections Delay in Seconds												

An operational sensitivity analysis was conducted to estimate the point of unacceptable operations for the proposed lane configuration. The 2028 traffic volumes were consistently increased to a point where any leg of the roundabout would reach a Level of Service of E (35 seconds of delay) at 50% CL. The results show that the multi-lane roundabout would operate acceptably up to 122% of the Midday peak volume and up to 130% of the PM peak volume.

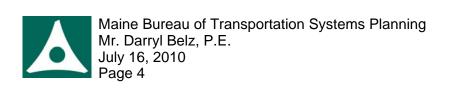
A summary of the operational analysis is also shown in Figure A7.

Roundabout Conceptual Design

The conceptual roundabout design has an inscribed circle diameter (ICD) of 165 feet. A partial right-turn bypass lane is an optional element for Southbound Civic Center Drive to accommodate the high volume of traffic making this movement. Two alternatives have been developed showing two different circle locations. Each alternative has a set of challenges to maintain access to the adjacent properties; we have shown the two options to demonstrate the impacts of changes in the circle location. Shifting the circle location and the associated approach alignments influences the ability to maintain accessibility of the surrounding land parcels. A cost estimate detailing the costs of property acquisition and access road construction should be completed at the next stage of the design process to determine the most cost effective circle location. After a general cost estimate has been conducted, a more refined approach to the roundabout design optimization can be completed. The conceptual design of the roundabout is shown in Figures B1 and B2.

The roundabout concepts were developed to accommodate large trucks (WB-67), provide adequate sight distance and vision outlook, and provide natural vehicle paths. The entry geometry of the roundabout was designed to deflect traffic in order to slow speeds below 27 miles per hour and reinforce the yielding process. Entry path deflection affects the frequency and severity of collisions between entering and circulating traffic. It is apportioned based on the combination and proportion of the conflicting streams of traffic.

Additional effort to optimize this design will be required for detailed design. The possible modifications include shifts in circle locations, alignment adjustments, development of optimal entry/exit paths, and property access optimization. These geometric considerations affect the safety and capacity performance of roundabouts.



Yours truly,

OURSTON ROUNDABOUT ENGINEERING INC.

Troy Pankratz, P.E. Project Manager

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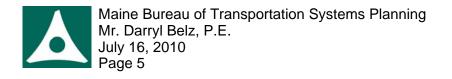


Figure A1 - Midday 2028 Turning Movements:

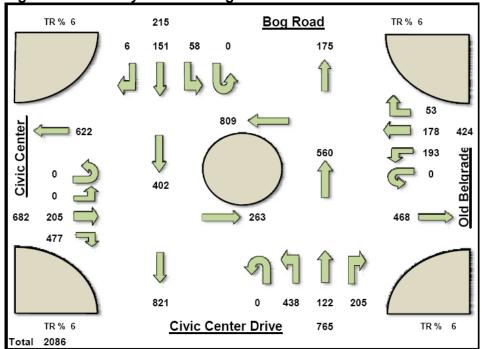
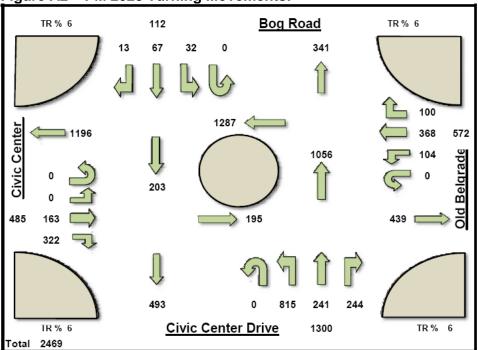


Figure A2 - PM 2028 Turning Movements:



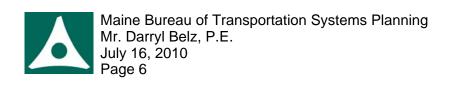


Figure A3 – 2028 Midday Peak Hour - 50% Confidence Level

P RODEL												_ 🗆 ×
29:6:10		- 1	Old Bel	grade /	Bog R	oad 2	028					27
E (m)	4.25	8.00	8.00	4.25				ME PE	ERIOD	m:	in	90
L' (m)	10.00	40.00	40.00	10.00			ΤI	ME SI	AI CE	m:	in	15
U (m)	3.65		3.65	3.65			RI		PERI		in 19	
RAD (m)	20.00		20.00	20.00					DST		r 15	
PHI (d)	20.00		20.00	20.00			FI	OW PI			<u>in</u> 19	
DIA (m)	50.00		50.00	50.00			FI	OW TY		pcu/ve		VEH
GRAD SEP	0	0	0	0			FI	OW PI	AK a	m/op/j	pm	OP
TEC NAME	DOU '	TUDNO Z4.		0-3	II.S	EL AE	OT	TEL C	MI DAT	TΛ	ET O	LTIME
	PCU :	TURNS (1: 477 20!		, 2nd 0		FLOF	CL		W RAT	0.75	FLO	45 75
NB CCD	1.06	477 205 205 123		0						0.75		45 75
NWB OldBel		53 178		Ø						0.75		45 75
SWB Bog Rd		6 151		Ø						0.75		
ond bog na	1.00	0 13.	. 50			1.00	30	0.13	1.123	0.13	13	15 15
				MODE 2								
FLOW	veh	682	765	424	215				A	UEDEL	S	6.2
CAPACITY	veh	1010	1849	1639	789				L	08 8	SIG	A
AVE DELAY	secs	11.4	3.3	2.9	6.2				L	OS UNS	\mathbf{SIG}	A
MAX DELAY	secs	17.8	4.4	3.9	8.6							
AVE QUEUE	veh	2.2	0.7	0.4	0.4					EHIC F	IRŞ	3.6
MAX QUEUE	veh	3.1	0.8	0.4	0.5			-		OST	\$	54
F1mode F2d	irect	F3peak	Ctr1F3	rev F4	fact F	bstat	S	F8ecc	n F9	prnt	F101	run Esc

Figure A4 – 2028 Midday Peak Hour - 85% Confidence Level

P RODEL				_ 🗆 🗙
29:6:10 E (m) 4.25 L' (m) 10.00 U (m) 3.65 RAD (m) 20.00 PHI (d) 20.00 DIA (m) 50.00 GRAD SEP 0	8.00 8.00 40.00 40.00 3.65 3.65 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 50.00 50.00	4.25 10.00 3.65 20.00 20.00	TIME COST \$/h	n 15 n 15 75 r 15.00 n 15 75 h VEH
LEG NAME 1.06 NB CCD 1.06 NB CCD 1.06 NWB OldBel 1.06 SWB Bog Rd 1.06	TURNS (1st exit 477 205 0 205 122 438 53 178 193 6 151 58	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	LOF CL FLOW RATIO 1.00 85 0.75 1.125 0.75 1.00 85 0.75 1.125 0.75 1.00 85 0.75 1.125 0.75 1.00 85 0.75 1.125 0.75 -	15 45 75 15 45 75
		MODE 2		
FLOW veh CAPACITY veh AUE DELAY secs MAX DELAY secs	682 765 815 1654 33.4 4.0 63.2 5.5	424 215 1444 594 3.5 9.6 4.7 13.9	AVEDEL LOS S LOS UNS	
AUE QUEUE veh MAX QUEUE veh F1mode F2direct	6.5 0.9 11.4 1.1 F3peak CtrlF3	0.4 0.6 0.5 0.7	UEHIC H COST Sstats F8econ F9prnt	RS 8.2 \$ 122 F10run Esc

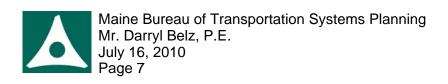
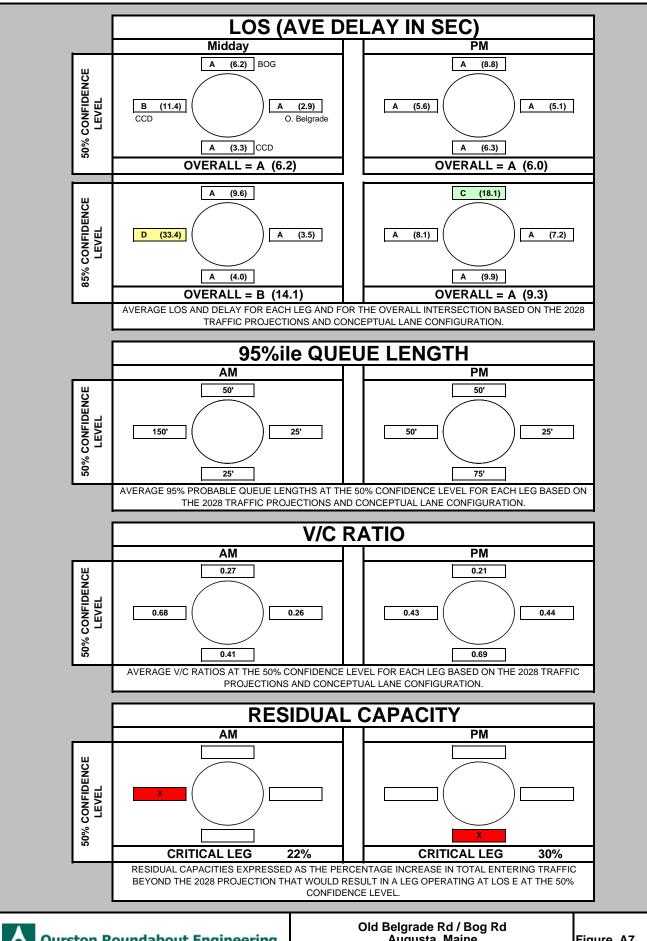


Figure A5 – 2028 PM Peak Hour - 50% Confidence Level

P RODEL					_ 🗆 🗙
29:6:10		Old Belgrade	/ Bog Road 2	2028	29
E (m)	4.25 8.00	8.00 4.2		TIME PERIOD m	in 90
	10.00 40.00	40.00 10.0			in 15
	3.65 3.65	3.65 3.6	5		in 15 75
III RAD (m) 2	20.00 20.00	20.00 20.0		TIME COST \$/	hr 15.00
	20.00 20.00	20.00 20.0	0		in 15 75
DIA (m) 5	50.00 50.00	50.00 50.0		FLOW TYPE pcu/v	eh VEH
GRAD SEP	0 0		0	FLOW PEAK am/op/	pm PM
		1st exit, 2nd		CL FLOW RATIO	FLOW TIME
	.06 322 10	63 0 0		50 0.75 1.125 0.75	
		41 815 0	1.00	50 0.75 1.125 0.75	15 45 75
NWB OldBel 1.		68 104 O		50 0.75 1.125 0.75	
SWB Bog Rd 1.	.06 13	67 32 0	1.00	50 0.75 1.125 0.75	15 45 75
		MODE			
	veh 485			AUEDEL	
CAPACITY	veh 1118	1897 129		Los	
	secs 5.6	6.3 5.		LOS UN	SIG A
	secs 7.6	9.5 7.		UEUTO	uno 4 4
AVE QUEUE	veh 0.8	2.3 0.		UEHIC	
MAX QUEUE	veh 0.9	3.1 1.		COST	\$ 61
F1mode F2dix	rect F3peak	Ctr1F3rev	F4fact F6stat	ts F8econ F9prnt	F10run Esc

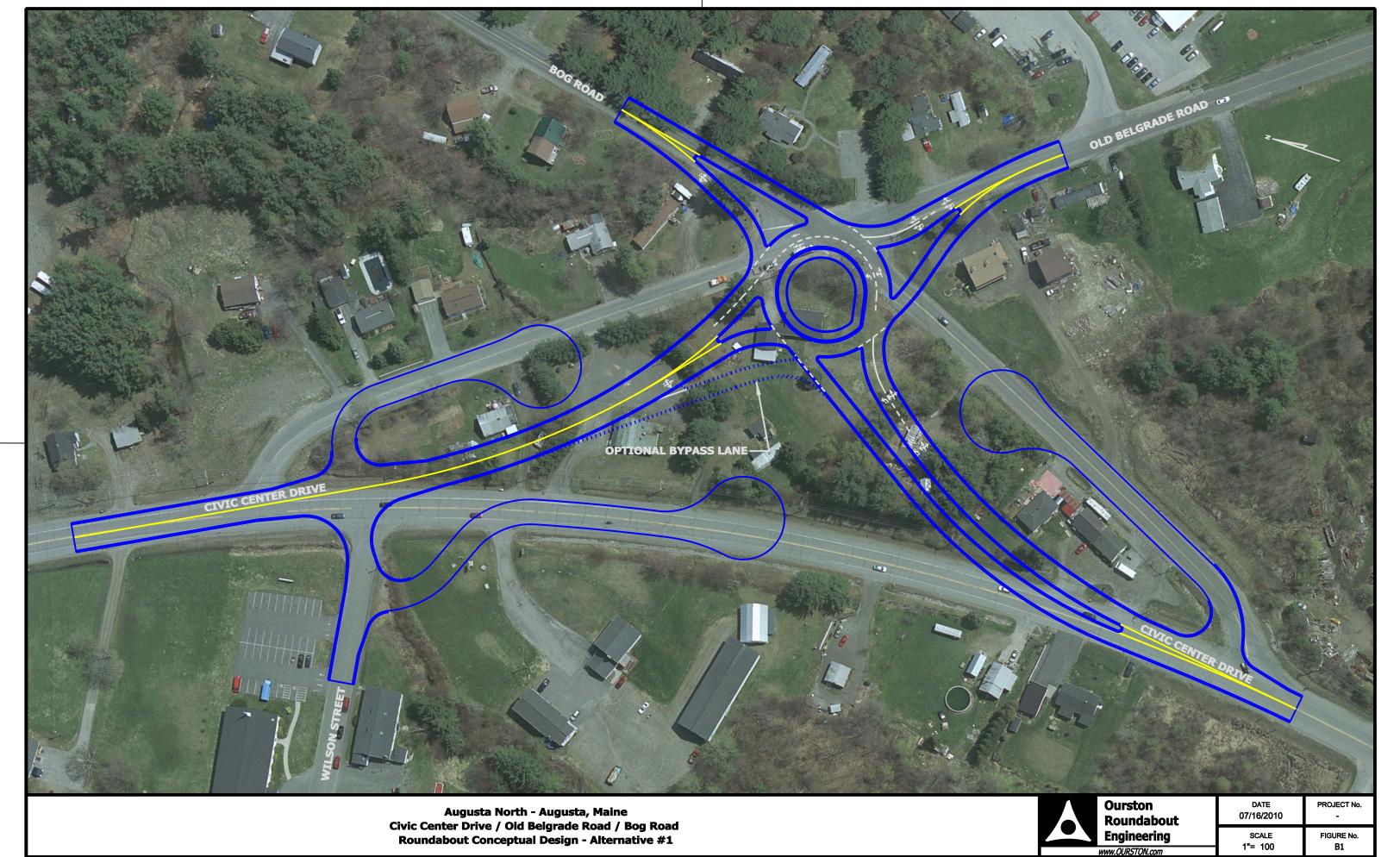
Figure A6 – 2028 PM Peak Hour - 85% Confidence Level

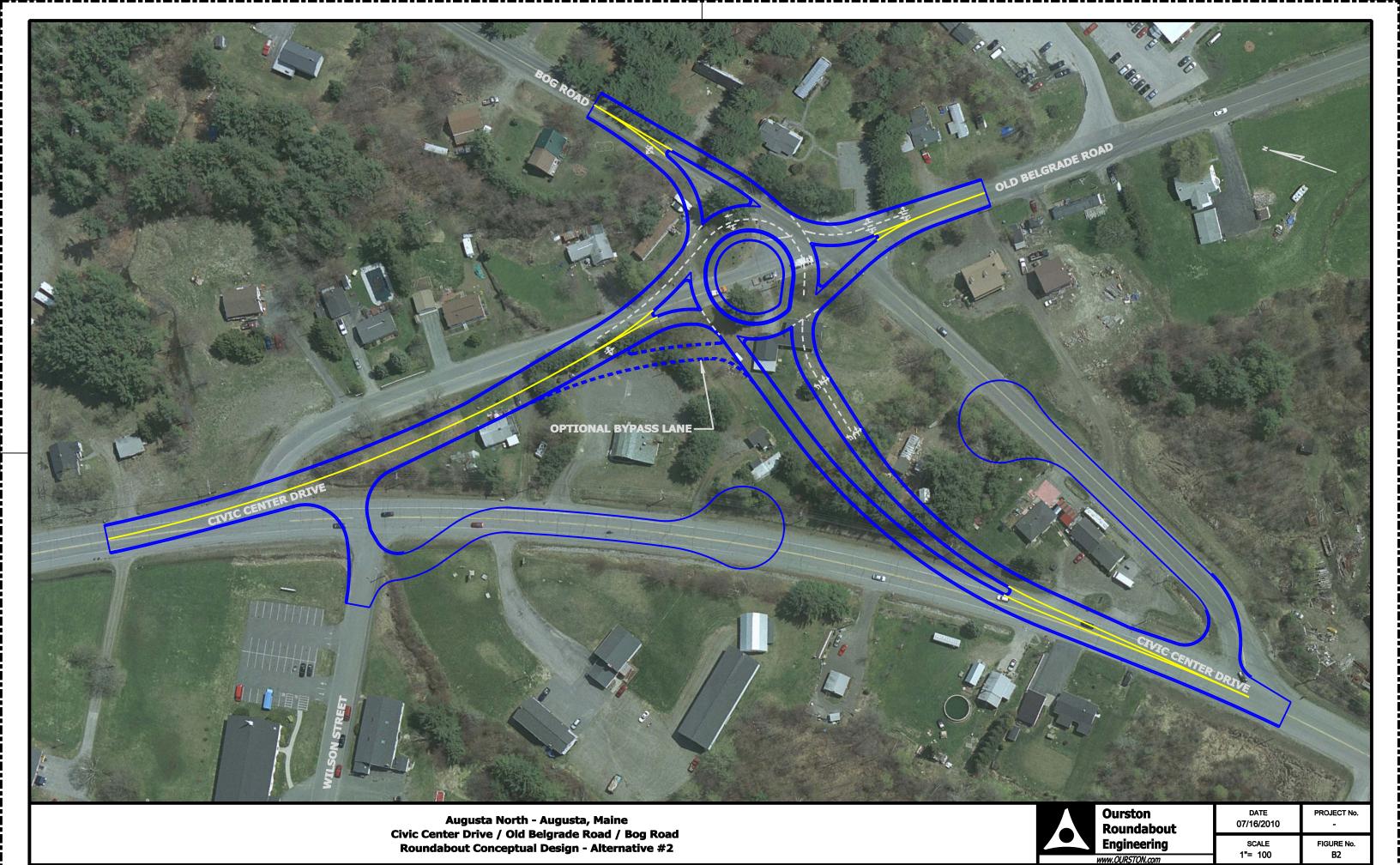
P RODEL												_ 🗆 🗙
29:6:10 E (m) L' (m) V (m) RAD (m) PHI (d) DIA (m) GRAD SEP	4.25 10.00 3.65 20.00 20.00 50.00	8.00 40.00 3.65 20.00 20.00 50.00	1d Bel 8.00 40.00 3.65 20.00 20.00 50.00	grade / 4.25 10.00 3.65 20.00 20.00 50.00	Bog R	oad 2	TI TI RE TI FL FL	ME PE ME SL SULTS ME CO	ICE PERIOST RIOD PE 1	m: DD m: \$/] m: pcu/ve	in 1! eh	30 90 15
LEG NAME SB CCD NB CCD NWB OldBel SWB Bog Rd	PCU 1.06 1.06 1.06	TURNS (1s 322 163 244 241 100 368 13 67	t exit 0 815 104	, 2nd 0 0 0			CL 85 85 85	FLO 0.75 : 0.75 : 0.75 : 0.75 :	RAT 1.125 1.125 1.125	0.75 0.75 0.75	FLOI 15 4 15 4	V TIME 45 75 45 75 45 75
				MODE 2								
FLOW CAPACITY AUE DELAY MAX DELAY AUE QUEUE MAX OUFUE	veh veh secs secs veh veh	485 923 8.1 11.5 1.1	1300 1701 9.9 16.2 3.7 5.3	572 1095 7.2 11.1 1.2	112 334 18.1 29.8 0.6 0.9				Lo	JEDEL OS S OS UNS EHIC I		9.3 A A 6.4 95
40202	direct		Ctr1F3		fact F	6stat	S	F8eco		prnt	F10:	



Old Belgrade Rd / Bog Rd Augusta, Maine **OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS**

Figure A7





PLOT DATE: \$\$...plottingdate...\$\$ PLOT SCALE: \$\$....plotscale....\$\$